

XBRL and Investor Relations

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Adoption and Communication,
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June 6, 2007



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Agenda

- What is Investor Relations?
- Key issues for PROs
 - Technology influence
 - Increased compliance/oversight (SOX)
 - Increasingly global marketplace
- SEC Voluntary Filing Program and the PRO
 - What are the concerns?
 - Why does XBRL ultimately make sense?



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XBRL and Disclosure

"... the best information doesn't always mean the most information. The best information means disclosure that is readily accessible, easily understandable, and comparable... Interactive data can help meet each of these needs."

Source: Cox speech, IC Annual Conference, May 10, 2007



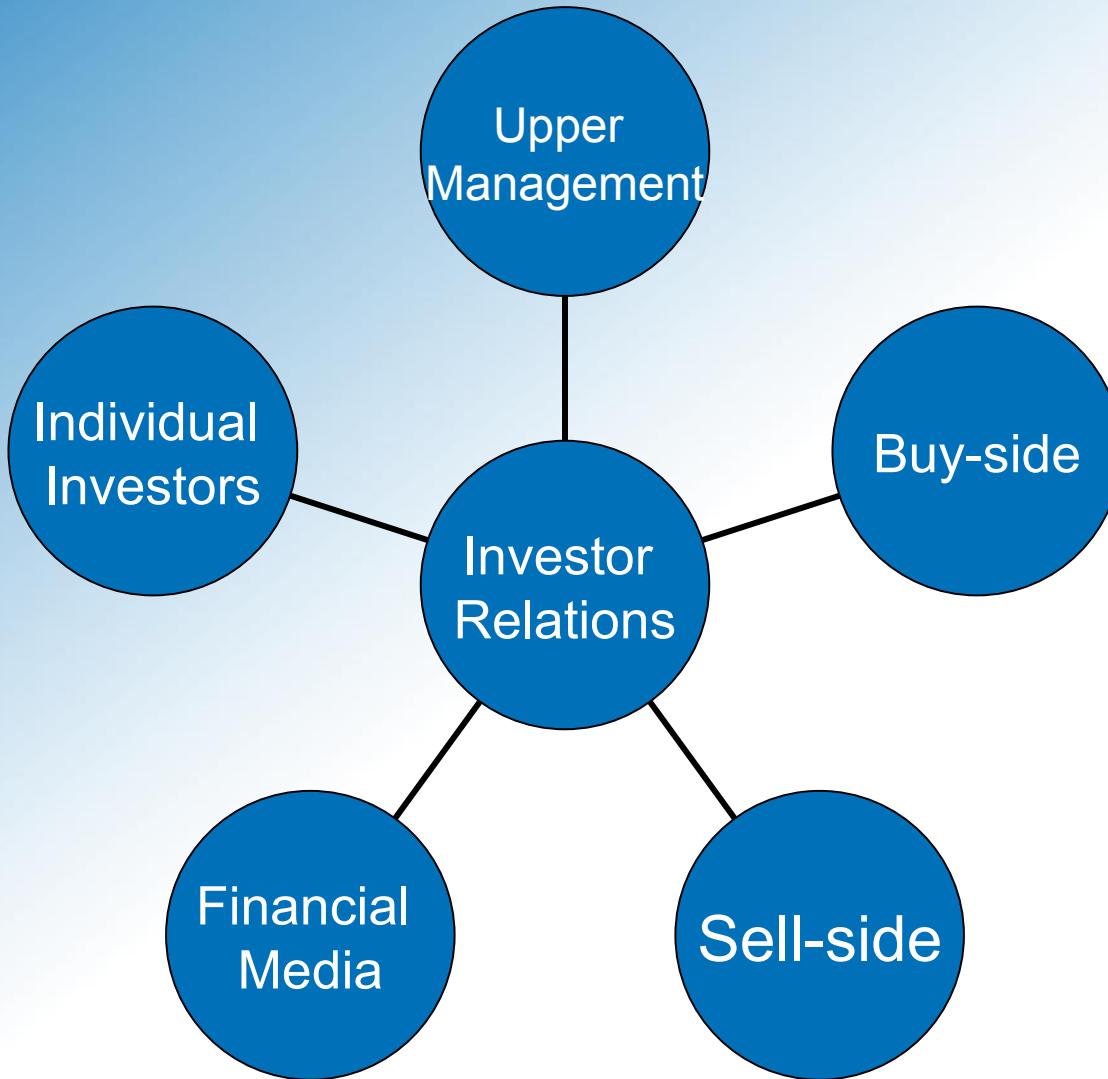
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Mission of XBRL

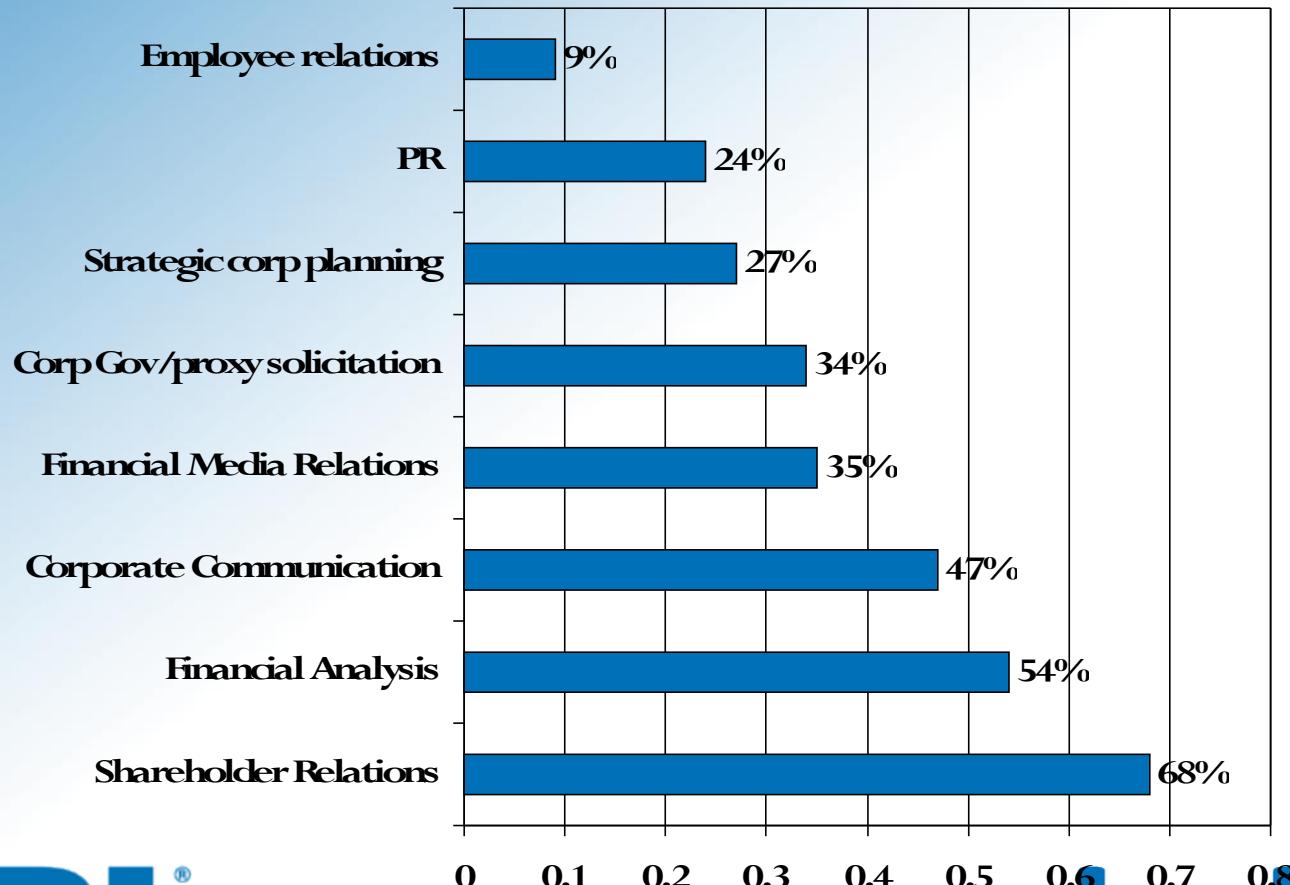
Investor relations is a strategic management responsibility that integrates finance, communication, marketing and securities law compliance to enable the most effective two-way communication between a company, the financial community, and other constituencies, which ultimately contributes to a company's securities achieving fair valuation.



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Responsibilities Requiring an Important Amount of Time



Source: NIRI Survey of
Responsibilities and
Compensation, 2005

PR Activities

- Perception studies
- Disclosure - determining what's material, issuing releases, setting disclosure policy
- Financial media relations
- Analyst relations
 - Roadshows
 - Banking conferences
 - One-on-ones
 - Webcasts
- Individual investor programs
- Earnings day events
 - Earnings release
 - Filing the 8-K if the release
 - Scripting, rehearsing, conducting the conference call



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Professional Background

- 49% financials
- 23% corporate communications/PR
- 19% marketing/sales

Source: *NRI Survey of Responsibilities and Compensation of Investor Relations Executives, July 2005*



*What's keeping P&C's up at
night?*



KEY ISSUE: Keeping up with the Changing Technology Landscape

- *WR*Web sites
- Webcasts
 - 95% conduct earnings call webcasts (99% archive)
 - 57% insist that presentations at analyst conferences are also webcast
 - Few video casts
- *RS*feeds, podcasts



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KEY ISSUE: Keeping up with the Changing Technology Landscape

Blogs - becoming increasingly important

- Corporate uses of blogs:
 - Monitoring them as "new media"
 - Promoting company executive viewpoint, Microsoft, GM Sun Microsystems
- Free dialogue and collaboration - good or bad?
- 57 million blogs in existence
- Summer 2005 - 5,000 corporate blogs



Jonathan's Blog

Go Link

Comments:

Jonathan,

I mailed the response to your letter yesterday, but since you're talking about transparency and efficiency in communications, I thought you might appreciate my taking advantage of the Internet's speed and potential for broad dissemination by posting here as well.

Best,

Chris Cox

November 2, 2006

Mr. Jonathan Schwartz
Chief Executive Officer
Sun Microsystems, Inc.
Mailstop UMPK10-244
10 Network Circle
Menlo Park, CA 94025

Dear Mr. Schwartz:

Thank you for your September 25, 2006 letter. In your letter, you suggest that, in light of the evolution of the Internet, the Commission should state that certain types of corporate website postings, including electronic mail alerts, would satisfy the broad non-exclusionary dissemination conditions of Regulation FD.

As you are aware, I believe strongly that the Internet is a powerful tool that can be used effectively by corporations and all market participants to provide information to the market and investors. The Internet can empower investors to obtain and evaluate information about companies, and its potential has not yet been fully exploited. Today, many companies maintain websites on which they post their annual and periodic reports, press releases and other information of interest to investors, customers and other persons. The Commission



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Tim Bray
ZDNet Blog



The World's #1 Source for IR Website Best Practices and Intelligence

::IR Daily::

[print version](#)

January 11, 2005

Not a

Why corporate boards should blog

By Dominic Jones, IR Web Report and Pam Agnew, ABC Related: [10 Excuses NOT to Blog](#)

DESPITE all the changes that new laws like Sarbanes-Oxley have brought to how companies are governed and managed, one thing has still not changed: directors still don't talk to their shareholders.

Sure, boards and directors may have private meetings with high powered institutional investors on issues of corporate governance, but they almost never communicate in an informal way with rank and file shareholders and other stakeholders.

The blogging technology platform, when properly executed, provides boards and legitimate shareholders with a transparent platform to seriously engage one another on the issues. It can provide boards with a low-cost, highly effective means to establish a credible dialogue and allow directors to obtain feedback from a wider variety of shareholders with differing viewpoints.

Blogging technology provides a credible platform for ongoing board-shareowner communication.

To be sure, the concept of director bloggers is a new and dramatically different approach to board-shareholder communication. However, this is simply a case of taking an existing, proven technology and customizing it slightly for another purpose.

After carefully studying how blogs work and how the blogging community interacts, we are convinced that the technology offers a highly attractive opportunity for forward-thinking directors and boards. It enables boards to get their message out, and at the same time provide a forum for shareholders to offer informal input to their elected board representatives.

The current model is broken

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*But what do investors think about the use of
technology in conveying corporate
information?*



Results from XBRL Magazine study

- More time spent on Internet than print, TV, radio - buy-side, sell-side, individuals
- Internet 2nd most important source of investment ideas for individuals
- Corporate blogs NOTread - 85% buy side, 83% sell side, 80% individuals
- Third party blogs REED - 42% buy side, 44% sell side, 43% individuals

Results from XBRL Magazine study

Investors Want from XBRL Web sites . . .

- Depth of historical information
- Easy to navigate - clean, simple, easy layout
- Fast
- Constantly updated
- Downloads in Excel and XBRL formats



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KEY ISSUE: Increasingly Global Marketplace Stock Market Consolidation

- NYSE Archipelago - March 2006
- NYSE EuroNext - April 2007
- Nasdaq OMX Group
- Benefits:
 - Diversify revenue streams
 - Cut costs by leveraging technology

REGISOLE: Increasingly Global

Marketplace

Convergence of Accounting

- SEC "Roadmap" timeline's requirement for foreign issuers to reconcile FRS financials to US GAAP by 2009
- Proposals and request for comment this Summer
- Concept release to be issued on possibility of allowing all US issuers to use FRS
- End game? Global accounting standard that allows multi-company comparison

KEY ISSUE: Increased Compliance Oversight

- SOX
 - Reduction in sell-side coverage - 40%
Nasdaq listings have no coverage
 - Section 404 2006 cost \$2.9 MM average
 - 28% external cost
 - 39% internal costs
 - 41% auditor attorney fees
 - Total -23% vs YAG
- Regulation Fair Disclosure

SEC Voluntary Filing Program

Objective - to create an environment for

- the filer community to test the benefits and costs of using *XBRL*.
- Service providers to test *XBRL* in their applications,
- Financial analysts to test *XBRL* in their analysis



35 in test program to date

- 3M Company
- Anadarko Petroleum Corporation
- Automatic Data Processing, Inc.
- Atria Group, Inc.
- Banco Bradesco S.A.
- Banco Itaú Holding Financeira S.A.
- Bunge & Co. Inc.
- Brazilian Petroleum Corporation (a/k/a Petrobras S.A.)
- Bristol-Meyers Squibb Company
- Bradford Financial Solutions, Inc.
- Comcast Corporation
- Commonwealth Edison Company
- Crystal International Travel Group, Inc.
- The Dow Chemical Company
- EDGAR Online Inc.
- Exelon Corporation
Exelon Generation Company, LLC
- Fastenal Co.
- Ford Motor Company
- Ford Motor Credit Company
- General Electric Company
- Global Intelligent Airlines, Inc.
- Infosys Technologies Limited
- Microsoft Corporation
- Net Services De Comunicacao S.A.
- Old Mutual Capital, Inc.
- PECO Energy Company
- PepsiCo, Inc.
- Pfizer, Inc.
- R.R. Donnelley & Sons Company
- Radyné Corporation
- South Financial Group, Inc.
- United Technologies Corporation
- Xerox Corporation
- XM Satellite Radio Holdings, Inc.

Top Reasons Why FCOs Should NOT Learn About and File in XBRL

1. It's a technology tool
2. It's a finance tool
3. Do you really want to be more transparent?
4. I'll wait until it's mandated
5. I don't understand it
6. My analysts don't know or care
7. It's a standard reporting template
8. It will force companies to report more information
9. It's expensive to implement
10. The taxonomies are being revamped so why do it now? I'll wait
11. This may be beneficial to the analysts but not to the preparers
12. There's more stability to me if I file in XBRL along with my ASCG or HTML filing
13. I don't have the resources to do this
14. I don't want to do my financials filings twice

Top Reasons Why PROs SHOULD Learn About and File in XBRL

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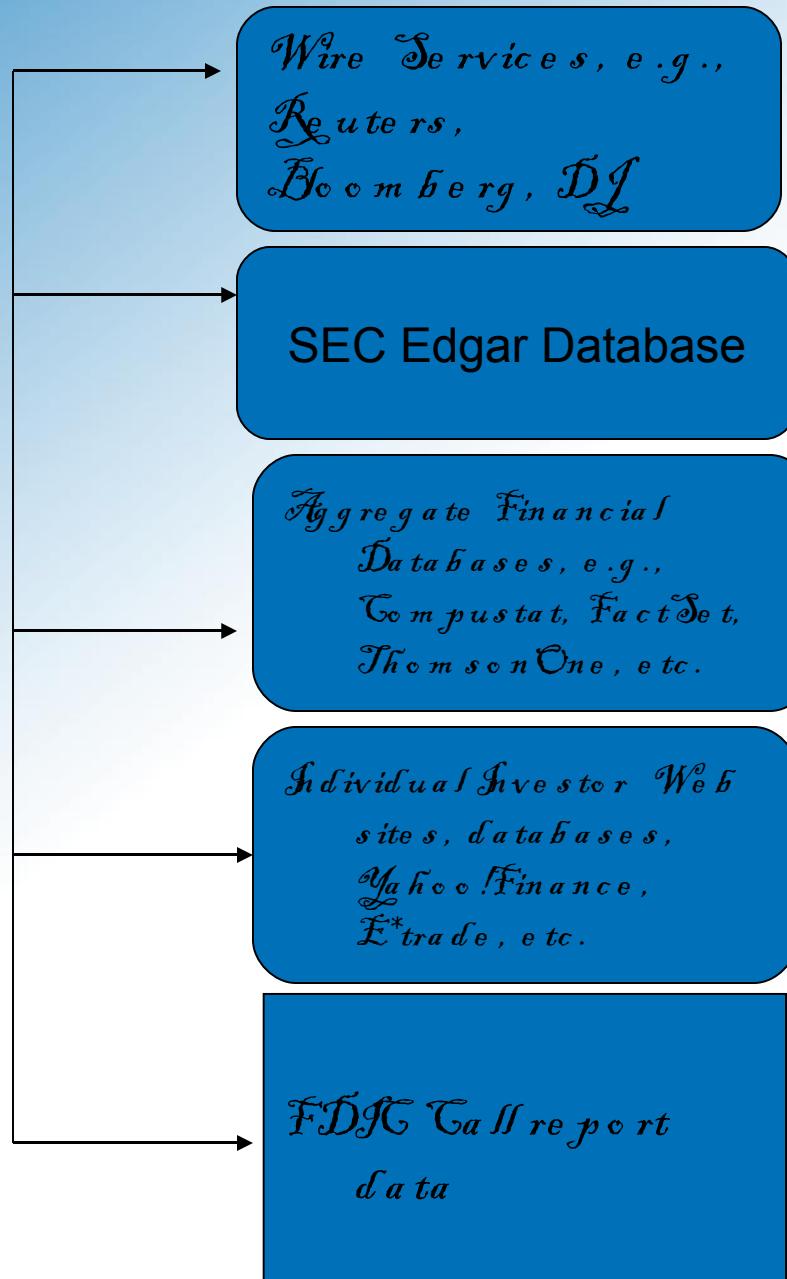
1. It's a communication tool
2. Your information is out there whether you like it or not - you can be in control of your message with XBRL
3. 2007 is a "gift" from the SEC - a time to get educated
4. Analysts are getting educated NOW
5. Does NOT require more information
Or standard information
6. Costs of implementation for first filing - minimal
7. Bringing XBRL into the internal processing of a public company can dramatically reduce costs
8. XBRL filings to EDGAR are considered "furnished" not filed
9. Limited resources are required to do the XBRL filing



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TOP REASON: data quality

Public
company
financials
accessed
from
multiple
sources



TOP REASON: Data Quality

- Data aggregators omit or combine data elements
- Numerical errors are common
- Company-posted balances are changed
- Earnings release data may not be updated to final so ~~in~~ aggregate financial databases
- Spends time trussing the databases, websites, online services to "fix" incorrect

How can XBRL solve the data quality issue?

- As-reported data more easily available
- Better information to institutions
- Faster, better quality data to individuals investors
- Small cap companies get "noticed"

IMPROVED COMMUNICATION



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Top Reason: Reduced Internal Processing Costs

White Techologies hypothesis:

- Pre-XBRL: Processing Hours - 845
- Post-XBRL: Processing Hours - 700



An Actual Experience Case Study: Comcast

- June 2006 hired manager w/XBRL responsibility
- July/August - investigated XBRL alternatives
- September - selected software provider
- Oct/Nov - Prepared 2nd and 3rd Qtr 10 Qs
- December - filed XBRL 10 Q to EDGAR
- March 2007 - filed XBRL 10 K

An Actual Experience

Case Study: Comcast

- Costs:
 - Software \$1 595
 - Fising costs \$2 840 (4 quarters)
 - Total costs \$4 435
 - Time for initial fising
 - Education - approx. 90 hours
 - Initial fising - 60 hours executives; 58 hours admin for prep
 - Time for subsequent fising - approx 20 hours

Key Points

- *Communicates financial information to Wall St.*
- *Standards to gain from XBRL*
 - Better data quality
 - Democratizes markets – chance for small caps to "get noticed"
 - Allows corporations to tell their own story



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Questions ?



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